



## Total Syntheses of Korupensamine C and Ancistrobrevine B

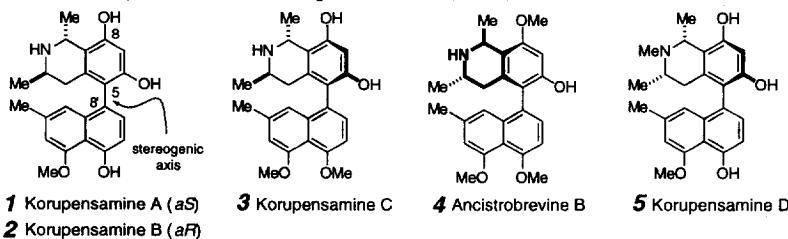
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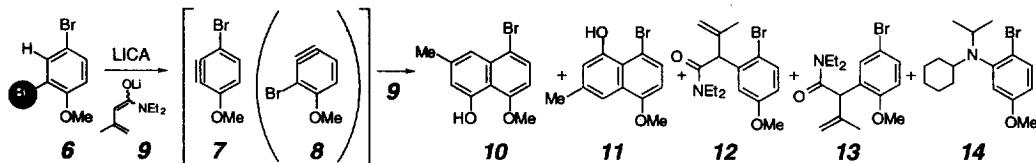
**Abstract** The first total syntheses of korupensamine C (3) and ancistrobrevine B (4) have been achieved. Important benzyne chemistry related to the construction of the naphthalene moiety, manipulation of methoxy groups on the tetrahydroisoquinoline unit, and hindered biaryl formation are described.

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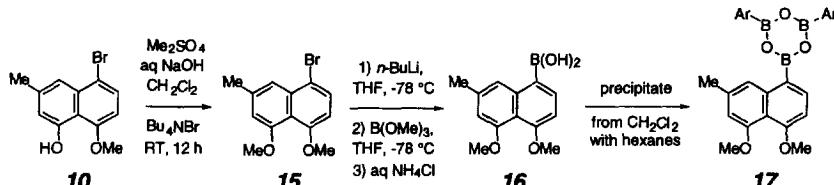
The isolation (from the liana *Ancistrocladus korupensis*), structures, and anti-HIV properties of the atropisomeric michellamines A-C were recently reported.<sup>1</sup> Along with the michellamines, some of their presumed biogenetic precursors, the korupensamines A-D, were later isolated from the same plant. These 'monomeric' tetrahydroisoquinoline naphthalenes do not possess anti-HIV activity; the A and B members (1 and 2) are antimalarial.<sup>2</sup> Total syntheses of michellamine B<sup>3a-c</sup> and of korupensamines A and B<sup>3c,d</sup> have been described recently. The michellamines and the related korupensamines are unusual among the naphthylisoquinoline family of alkaloids<sup>4</sup> in that the biaryl linkage occurs between C(5)/C(8'). Ancistrobrevine B (4), isolated from the related vine *A. abbreviatus*,<sup>5</sup> is one of only two other 5,8'-linked naphthylisoquinolines. We describe here the synthesis of korupensamine C (3) and ancistrobrevine B (4) and in the following *Letter* a synthesis of *ent*-korupensamine D (*ent*-5).



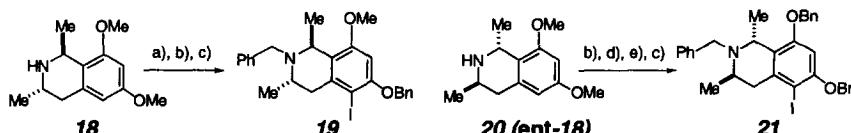
We have studied in some detail the benzyne cycloaddition reaction used to efficiently construct the naphthalene unit in our michellamine B synthesis.<sup>3c</sup> Thus, the dienolate 9 (*N,N*-diethyl-3,3-dimethylacrylamide and *n*-BuLi) reacted with the benzyne 7 formed *in situ* from one equivalent of 2,4-dibromoanisole (6) and one equivalent of lithium isopropylcyclohexylamide (LICA) in THF (-20 °C to RT) and gave the desired, highly functionalized, bromonaphthalenol 10 reproducibly in 21-26% yield. This is a remarkable event because among the several reaction products we have identified (10-14), all are derived from 3-bromo-6-methoxybenzyne (7) and none from the regioisomeric 3-bromo-4-methoxybenzyne (8). Perhaps the methoxy group delivers a Lewis acidic lithium ion to the ortho-bromine to promote heterolytic cleavage of that bond. A minor amount (~5%) of the regioisomeric naphthalenol 11 was typically seen. It arises from attack ortho rather than meta to the methoxy group in 7. Monocyclic adducts 12 and 13 arise from  $\alpha$ -attack of the benzyne onto the dienolate 9. Finally, the amine-trapped product 14 was typically observed in 6-7% yield.



Phase-transfer methylation of **10** gave **15** in 92% yield. Metallation of this bromonaphthalene and subsequent reaction with trimethyl borate gave the naphthalene boronic acid **16** as a viscous oil in 84% yield. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of this material was typically quite complex. The acid could be readily dehydrated by precipitation with hexanes from a dry methylene chloride solution to give the boronic anhydride **17**. Samples of **16** or **17** functioned equally well in subsequent, palladium-catalyzed biaryl cross-coupling reactions.

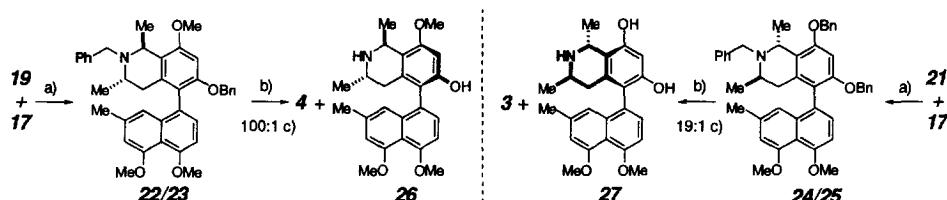


For the synthesis of ancistrobrevine B (**4**), mono-demethylation of **18** (43%),<sup>6</sup> *N*-benzylolation (82%), and iodination (76%) gave the aryl iodide **19**. For korupensamine C, *N*-benzylolation of **20** (the enantiomer of **18**, 94%), bis-demethylation using NaI/HBr (94%), bis-*O*-benzylolation, and iodination gave **21** (62%).



a) HBr (49%), AcOH, 70 °C. b) BnBr,  $K_2CO_3$ , MEK, RT. c)  $I_2$ ,  $Ag_2SO_4$ , EtOH, RT. d) HBr (49%), NaI, 100 °C. e) BnBr,  $Cs_2CO_3$ , DMF, RT

The independent Pd<sup>0</sup>-catalyzed biaryl coupling of iodide **19** or **21** with boronic anhydride **17** gave the inseparable pairs of atropisomers **22/23** or **24/25** in 71% and 76% yields, respectively. Hydrogenolysis of each mixture and HPLC separation gave (~2 mg samples of) ancistrobrevine B (**4**) and its atropisomer **26** or korupensamine C (**3**) and its atropisomer **27**, respectively.<sup>7</sup>



a)  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ , sat'd  $NaHCO_3$ , PhCH<sub>3</sub>, reflux, 71%-76%. b)  $Pd/C$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $MeOH/CH_2Cl_2$ , 4 h, 100%. c) HPLC, Microsorb Amino,  $CH_2Cl_2$ :3% methanolic  $(NH_4)_2CO_3$ .

## References and Notes

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- The synthetic sample of **4** or **3** gave appropriate HRMS data and a <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum identical to that reported.<sup>5,2</sup>

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